

Q3

1. 1/2

$$B = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}, C = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \quad (K)$$

$\mathbb{R}^3 - \int \infty \infty$ $\mathbb{R}^3 - \int \infty \infty$

$$T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3 \quad T \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2x - z \\ y + z - x \\ y - 2z \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \cdot 1 - 0 \\ 1 + 0 - 1 \\ 1 - 2 \cdot 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad T \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad T \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & 1 & 2 & 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & -3 \\ -2 & 2 & 3 & 1 & -1 & 4 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[R_2 \leftrightarrow R_1]{R_3 \leftarrow R_3 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 & 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[R_1 \leftarrow \frac{1}{2} R_1]{R_2 \leftarrow R_2 - R_1}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 2 & -3 & 7 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - 2R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 2 & -3 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -3 & 7 & -13 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[R_3 \leftarrow -R_3]{R_2 \leftarrow R_2 + 2R_3}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 & 11 & -19 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & -7 & 13 \end{array} \right]$$

$$[T]_{C}^B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -\frac{3}{2} \\ -4 & 11 & -19 \\ 3 & -7 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \{x - x^2, \bar{3}x, \bar{1} + x^2\}, C = \{\bar{1} + \bar{2}x^2, x^3 + 4\bar{x} + \bar{2}, x^2, x\}$$

$$F = \mathbb{Z}_5 \quad (2)$$

$$\mathbb{F}_2[x] - \int 002$$

$$\mathbb{F}_3[x] - \int 002$$

$$T: \mathbb{F}_2[x] \rightarrow \mathbb{F}_3[x], \quad Tf = x \cdot f(x) - f(x+\bar{1})$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(x - x^2) &= x \cdot (x - x^2) - (x + \bar{1}) - (x + \bar{1})^2 \\ &= x^2 - x^3 - (x + \bar{1} - x^2 - \bar{2}x - \bar{1}) \\ &= x^2 - x^3 - \underline{x} - \bar{1} + x^2 + \underline{\bar{2}x} + \bar{1} \\ &= x + \bar{2}x^2 - x^3 = x + \bar{2}x^2 + \bar{4}x^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(\bar{3}x) &= x \cdot (\bar{3}x) - \bar{3}(x + \bar{1}) = \bar{3}x^2 - \bar{3}x - \bar{3} \\ &= \bar{3}x^2 + \bar{2}x + \bar{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(\bar{1} + x^2) &= x(\bar{1} + x^2) - (\bar{1} + (x + \bar{1})^2) \\ &= x + x^3 - (\bar{1} + x^2 + \bar{2}x + \bar{1}) \\ &= x + x^3 - \bar{1} - x^2 - \bar{2}x - \bar{1} = x^3 + \bar{4}x^2 + \bar{4}x + \bar{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{"is" } (\mathbb{Z}_5)^4 \text{ pr } \mathbb{F}_3[x] \text{ MC MS}$$

$$(a, b, c, d) \iff a + bx + cx^2 + dx^3$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} \bar{1} & \bar{2} & \bar{0} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{4} & \bar{0} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{2} & \bar{0} & \bar{1} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{1} & \bar{0} & \bar{0} \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} \bar{0} & \bar{2} & \bar{3} \\ \bar{1} & \bar{2} & \bar{4} \\ \bar{2} & \bar{3} & \bar{4} \\ \bar{4} & \bar{0} & \bar{1} \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - 2R_1} \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} \bar{1} & \bar{2} & \bar{0} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{4} & \bar{0} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{1} & \bar{1} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{1} & \bar{0} & \bar{0} \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} \bar{0} & \bar{2} & \bar{3} \\ \bar{1} & \bar{2} & \bar{4} \\ \bar{2} & \bar{4} & \bar{3} \\ \bar{4} & \bar{0} & \bar{1} \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} R_1 \leftarrow R_1 - 2R_4 \\ R_2 \leftarrow R_2 + R_4 \\ R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - R_4 \end{array}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} \bar{1} & \bar{0} & \bar{0} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{0} & \bar{0} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{0} & \bar{1} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{1} & \bar{0} & \bar{0} \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} \bar{2} & \bar{2} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{2} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{3} & \bar{4} & \bar{2} \\ \bar{4} & \bar{0} & \bar{1} \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftrightarrow R_4} \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} \bar{1} & \bar{0} & \bar{0} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{1} & \bar{0} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{0} & \bar{1} & \bar{0} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{0} & \bar{0} & \bar{1} \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc} \bar{2} & \bar{2} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{4} & \bar{0} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{3} & \bar{4} & \bar{2} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{2} & \bar{0} \end{array} \right]$$

$$[T]_C^B = \begin{bmatrix} \bar{2} & \bar{2} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{4} & \bar{0} & \bar{1} \\ \bar{3} & \bar{4} & \bar{2} \\ \bar{0} & \bar{2} & \bar{0} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}, C = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} i & i \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2i \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \textcircled{c}$$

$$T: M_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{C}) \rightarrow M_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{C}), TA = \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 0 \\ 2 & 1+i \end{bmatrix} A - A \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 0 \\ 2 & 1+i \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 0 \\ 2 & 1+i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 0 \\ 2 & 1+i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 0 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 0 \\ 2 & 1+i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 0 \\ 2 & 1+i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1+i \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1+i \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 0 \\ 2 & 1+i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 0 \\ 2 & 1+i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1+i & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1+i & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 0 \\ 2 & 1+i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1+i & 0 \\ 2 & 1+i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1+i \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1+i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

" γ " $\mathbb{C}^4$ पर $M_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{C}) \simeq \mathbb{C}$ मस)

$$(a, b, c, d) \mapsto \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} i & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ i & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 2i & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{R_2 \leftarrow R_2 - R_1 \\ R_3 \leftarrow R_3 + iR_1}} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} i & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & -2i & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 2i & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{R_3 \leftarrow R_3 - R_2 \\ R_1 \leftarrow -iR_1}} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} i & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & -2i & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 2i & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2i & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -2-2i & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 2i & 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{R_4 \leftarrow R_4 - R_3 \\ R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3}} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2i & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -2-2i & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2i & 0 & 0 & -2 & 4+2i & 0 & 2 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{R_4 \leftarrow \frac{1}{2}iR_4 \\ R_4 \leftrightarrow R_2}} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2i & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -2-2i & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2i & 0 & 0 & -2 & 4+2i & 0 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2i & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & i & 1-2i & 0 & -i \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -2-2i & 0 & -2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$[T]_C^B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2i & 0 & 0 \\ i & 1-2i & 0 & -i \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -2-2i & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

2.7.2

דוגמה:

$$A = I A I^{-1}$$

$$A \sim A \quad (\text{c})$$

(ד) נ"ל כי $A \sim B$ של $P \in \text{Mat}(F)$ הפיכה כך
 - $B = P A P^{-1}$ (כפול מניין P ופולס P^{-1})
 $(P^{-1}) B (P^{-1})^{-1} = A \neq P^{-1} B P = A$
 ה"ל P^{-1} הפיכה, $B \sim A$

(ה) נ"ל כי $A \sim B, B \sim C$ של P, Q הפיכה
 $C = Q B Q^{-1}$ ו- $B = P A P^{-1}$ הפיכה P, Q של
 הפיכה $Q P$ הפיכה
 $(Q P) A (Q P)^{-1} = Q P A P^{-1} Q^{-1} = Q B Q^{-1} = C$
 ה"ל $A \sim C$ $\square$

3.7.16

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4a & 1 & a+1 & 2+i \\ 2 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ a-1 & 1 & 1 & 2i \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{R_1 \leftarrow R_1 - 2aR_2 \\ R_3 \leftarrow 2R_3 - (a-1)R_2}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 1-2a & 1-3a & 2+i+2a \\ 2 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 3-a & 4-2a & 4i+a-1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{R_2 \leftrightarrow R_1} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1-2a & 1-3a & 2+i+2a \\ 0 & 3-a & 4-2a & 4i-1+a \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_3 \leftarrow (a-3)R_2 + (1-2a)R_3} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1-2a & 1-3a & 2+i+2a \\ 0 & 0 & a^2+1 & (-7+i)+(-1-7i)a \end{array} \right]$$

$a \neq \frac{1}{2}$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1-2a & 1-3a & (2+i)+2a \\ 0 & 0 & a^2+1 & (-7+i)+(-1-7i)a \end{array} \right]$$

$$(a-3)(1-3a) + (1-2a)(4-2a) = a-3-3a^2+9a+4-8a-2a+4a^2 = a^2+1$$

$$(a-3)(2+i+2a) + (1-2a)(4i-1+a) = (2+i)a + (-6-3i) + 2a^2 - 6a + (4i-1)a + (2-8i)a - 2a^2$$

$$= [2+i-6+1+2-8i]a + [-6-3i+4i-1] = (-7+i) + (-1-7i)a$$

3'N' $\parallel$ $\wedge$ $\odot$ ℓ' $1-2a \neq 0$ $\rho \ell'$ $a^2+1 \neq 0$ $\rho \ell'$

$\Downarrow$ $a \neq \frac{1}{2}$ $\Downarrow$ $a \neq \pm i$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 2 & * \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & * \\ 0 & \frac{5}{2} & 3 & * \end{array} \right]$$

$\rho \ell' \odot \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{2}$ $\rho \ell'$

3'N' $\parallel$ $\wedge$ $\odot$ ℓ' $a = \frac{1}{2}$ $\rho \ell'$

תרגיל 10: $a=i$: נציב ב- $(*)$ ונקבל

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1-i & 1-3i & 2+i+2i \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -7+i-i-7 \end{array} \right] \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{שורה} \\ \text{אפס} \end{array}$$

$\uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow$
 אפס אפס אפס

אכן עבור $a=i$ יש אינסוף פתרונות

תרגיל 11: $a=-i$: נציב ב- $(*)$ ונקבל

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1+2i & 1+3i & 2+i-2i \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -7+i+i-7 \end{array} \right] \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{שורה} \\ \text{אפס} \end{array}$$

$\uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow$
 אפס אפס אפס

אפס

10. יש פתרונות יחיד בדיוק כאלו, $a \neq \pm i$.

11. יש אינסוף פתרונות כאלו, $a=i$.

12. אין פתרונות כאלו, $a=-i$.

4 כ/ע

$$T^3 = T^2, \quad T: V \rightarrow V$$

$$T^2 v = 0 \iff T v = v \text{ - e } \exists \text{ } v, T v \neq 0 \text{ } \textcircled{1}$$

הוכחה: $T v = 0$ ו- $v = 0$ ו- $v \neq 0$

ה' - $T v = \alpha v$ - $\alpha \in F$ קיים ו- $v \neq 0$ ו- $T v = \alpha v$

$$T^2 v = T(T v) = T(\alpha v) = \alpha T v = \alpha^2 v$$

$$T^3 v = T(T^2 v) = T(\alpha^2 v) = \alpha^2 T v = \alpha^3 v$$

$$(\alpha^2 - \alpha^3) v = 0 \iff \alpha^2 v = \alpha^3 v$$

$$\alpha^2(\alpha - 1) = \alpha^2 - \alpha^3 = 0, \quad v \neq 0 \text{ - ה'}$$

$\alpha = 0$ ו- $\alpha = 1$ - $\alpha = 0$ ו- $\alpha = 1$

$$T v = v \text{ ו- } \alpha = 1$$

$$\square \quad T v = 0 \text{ ו- } \alpha = 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \text{ה' } T \neq \text{id}_V \text{ - } \exists \text{ } v \in V \text{ - } T v \neq v$$

הוכחה: $T v \neq v$ ו- $v \in V$ ו- $T \neq \text{id}_V$

$$T(T(T v - v)) = T^3 v - T^2 v = T^2 v - T^2 v = 0$$

$$0 \neq T(T v - v) \in \ker T \text{ ו- } T(T v - v) \neq 0$$

$$0 \neq T v - v \in \ker T \text{ ו- } T(T v - v) = 0$$

$\square$ $\ker T \neq \{0\}$ - $\square$ $\ker T \neq \{0\}$ - $\square$ $\ker T \neq \{0\}$